Strand	Communication Comparisons	
Big Idea	Students Understand and Interpret Written and Spoken Language on a Variety of Topics Students will demonstrate understanding of the nature of language through comparisons of the language studied and their own	
Mode	Reading and Listening Language Comparisons	
A. Grammar	<u>Standards</u>	Learning Targets 1.
 Read, understand and interpret Latin Use orally, listen to, and write Latin as part of the language learning process 		 Read passages in Latin aloud for proper pronunciations Show mastery of cases and declension endings (1st and 2nd) through written translations

CCSS: 1.RF.2a-d; 5.RF.3a; 5.RF.4a-c

Performance: 1.5, 1.6, 1.8, 3.5

Knowledge: (CA) 1,7 WLCLE: WL.1.2c; WL.4.1c

NETS: 2d; 6b DOK: 2

Instructional Strategies

- Teacher models correct pronunciation of chart endings and class recites
- Textbook (practices in book as well as the charts themselves)
- Practice sheets: converting nouns into proper form (teacher created) and identifying different noun endings and their function
- Translating English into Latin and Latin into English
- Teacher questions students to identify specific endings and their functions

Assessments/Evaluations

- Written assessment: teacher created
- Individual questions for student understanding

Sample Assessment Questions

- Define the following terms:
 - Nominative
 - Genitive
 - Dative
- Form the following nouns in Latin in the case and number given: girl (n/p) puellae

Instructional Resources/Tools

- SMART Board
- Drills

Literacy Connections

- Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes)
 - a. Distinguish long from short vowel sounds in spoken single-syllable words
 - b. Orally produce single-syllable words by blending sounds (phonemes), including consonant blends
 - c. Isolate and pronounce initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in spoken single-syllable words
 - d. Segment spoken single-syllable words into their complete sequence of individual sounds (phonemes)
- Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words
 - a. Use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology (e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context
- Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension
 - a. Read on-level text with purpose and understanding
 - b. Read on-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings
 - c. Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary

- ELA:
 - Grammar
 - Relationship between languages

Strand	Communication	
Big Idea	Students Engage in Conversations, Provide and Obtain Information, Express Feelings and Emotions,	
	and Exchange Opinions	
	Students Understand and Interpret Write	ten and Spoken Language on a Variety of Topics
Mode	Listening and Speaking	
	Reading and Listening	
Standards		Learning Targets
	d, and interpret Latin in to, and write Latin as part of the language	 Demonstrate knowledge of proper personal pronouns through written and oral translations Demonstrate recognition of different personal pronouns in both Latin and English through written translations

CCSS: 9-10.L.4b

Performance: 1.5, 1.6, 3.4, 3.5

Knowledge: (CA) 1 WLCLE: WL.1.1; WL.1.2

NETS: N/A DOK: 2

Instructional Strategies

- Teacher models correct pronunciation of 1st and 2nd person personal pronouns and students recite afterwards
- Textbook (practices in book and chart for these pronouns)
- Translating English into Latin and Latin into English
- Teacher questions individual students for identification and proper translation of personal pronouns

Assessments/Evaluations

- Written assessment: teacher created
- Individual questions for student understanding
- Individual student translations using the target grammar

Sample Assessment Questions

- In the following sentence, how would you translate the underlined pronoun? In my house, the work is done by them.
- In the following sentence, what case would the following underlined pronoun be? In mea casa labor a nobis est.

Instructional Resources/Tools

- SMART Board
- Drills

Literacy Connections

- Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grades 9–10 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies
 - b. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech

Cross Curricular Connections

• ELA: Grammar

Strand	Communication			
Big Idea	Students Engage in Conversations, Prov	Students Engage in Conversations, Provide and Obtain Information, Express Feelings and Emotions,		
	and Exchange Opinions			
	Students Understand and Interpret Write	tten and Spoken Language on a Variety of Topics		
Mode	Listening and Speaking	Listening and Speaking		
	Reading and Listening	Reading and Listening		
	<u>Standards</u>	Learning Targets		
C. Grammar		3.		
Read, understand, and interpret Latin		 Demonstrate knowledge of noun/adjective agreement 		
Orally, listen to, and write Latin as part of the language		through written translations in both Latin and English		

CCSS: 4.L.1d

Performance: 1.5, 1.6, 2.2, 3.5 Knowledge: (CA) 1,3,4 WLCLE: WL.1.1; WL.1.2

learning process

NETS: 2d; 6b DOK: 2

Instructional Strategies

- Teacher models correct usage of noun/adjective agreement in Latin
- Textbook (practices in book)
- Translating English into Latin and Latin into English
- Teacher questions individual students to explain what ending to use and why

Assessments/Evaluations

- Written assessment: teacher created
- Individual questions for student understanding
- Practice drills

Sample Assessment Questions

• In the following sentence, which noun does the adjective modify? Puellae boni agricolae equos amant.

- SMART Board
- Drills

Literacy Connections

- Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking
 - d. Order adjectives within sentences according to conventional patterns

- ELA:
 - Proper English translation
 - Analyze the ending of nouns/adjectives and note the relationship between them

Strand	Communication	
Big Idea	Students Engage in Conversations, Provide and Obtain Information, Express Feelings and Emotions,	
	and Exchange Opinions	
	Students Understand and Interpret Written and Spoken Language on a Variety of Topics	
Mode	Listening and Speaking	
	Reading and Listening	
Standards		Learning Targets

D. Grammar

- Read, understand, and interpret Latin
- Use orally, listen to, and write Latin as part of the language learning process

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 Demonstrate knowledge for formation of adverbs from adjectives in both Latin and English through written translations

Alignments:

CCSS: 2.L.1e

Performance: 1.5, 1.6, 2.2, 3.5

Knowledge: (CA) 1,3 WLCLE: WL.1.1; WL.1.2

NETS: N/A DOK: 2

Instructional Strategies

- Teacher models correct conversion of adjectives to adverbs in both Latin and English
- Textbook (practices in book)
- Practices converting adjectives into adverbs (and vice versa) in BOTH Latin and English

Assessments/Evaluations

- Written assessment: teacher created
- Individual questions for student understanding
- Practice drills

Sample Assessment Questions

Translate the following adjectives into adverbs in Latin

- SMART Board
- Drills

Literacy Connections

- Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking
 - e. Use adjectives and adverbs, and choose between them depending on what is to be modified

- ELA:
 - Writing Standard English
 - Analyze ending to determine if it is an adjective or adverb

Strand	Communication	
Big Idea	Students Engage in Conversations, Provide and Obtain Information, Express Feelings and Emotions,	
	and Exchange Opinions	
	Students Understand and Interpret Writ	ten and Spoken Language on a Variety of Topics
Mode	Listening and Speaking	
	Reading and Listening	
	Standards	Learning Targets
,	nd, and interpret Latin n to, and write Latin as part of the language	 Demonstrate knowledge of: different conjugations of verbs and stem formations verb forms used in forming verbs in different tenses different verb endings according to tense and voice in both Latin and English

CCSS: 3.L.1f; 8.L.1b-d;

Performance: 1.5, 1.6, 2.2, 3.5 Knowledge: (CA) 1,3,4 WLCLE: WL.1.1; WL.1.2

NETS: N/A DOK: 2

Instructional Strategies

- Translations
- Practices that focus on forming verbs based on the conjugation of the verb
- Teacher questioning, such as:
 - teacher directing "verb races" for student competitions for practice
 - teacher questioning individual students to explain process for forming specific verbs

Assessments/Evaluations

- Written assessment: teacher created
- Individual questions for student understanding
- Practice drills

Sample Assessment Questions

- In paragraph 1, identify and translate a 3rd conjugation verb
- In paragraph 3, identify and translate a passive verb

Instructional Resources/Tools

- SMART Board
- Drills

Literacy Connections

- Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking
 - a. Ensure subject-verb and pronoun-antecedent agreement
- Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking
 - b. Form and use verbs in the active and passive voice
 - c. Form and use verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mood
 - d. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood

- ELA:
 - Writing Standard English
 - Analyze ending/stem of verb in conjunction with ending
 - Note the patterns of tenses between conjugations

Strand	Communication	Communication	
Big Idea	Students Engage in Conversations, Provi	Students Engage in Conversations, Provide and Obtain Information, Express Feelings and Emotions,	
	and Exchange Opinions	and Exchange Opinions	
	Students Understand and Interpret Writ	Students Understand and Interpret Written and Spoken Language on a Variety of Topics	
Mode	Listening and Speaking	Listening and Speaking	
	Reading and Listening	Reading and Listening	
Standards		Learning Targets	

F. Grammar

- Read, understand, and interpret Latin
- Use orally, listen to, and write Latin as part of the language learning process

Demonstrate imperatives in Latin and English according to the conjugation of the verb through written translations

Alignments:

CCSS: 8.L.1c

Performance: 1.5, 1.6, 1.8, 2.2, 3.5

Knowledge: (CA) 1,3 WLCLE: WL.1.1; WL.1.2

NETS: N/A DOK: 2

Instructional Strategies

- Teacher models how to form imperatives for the different verb conjugations
- Individual written practice by students

Assessments/Evaluations

- Written assessment: teacher created
- Individual questions for student understanding
- Practice drills

Sample Assessment Questions

- In paragraph 1, identify and translate an imperative
- Form the plural imperative in Latin for the following verb-----venio.

- SMART Board
- Drills

Literacy Connections

- Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking
 - c. Form and use verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mood

- ELA:
 - Writing Standard English
 - Analyze ending of identification

Strand	Communication	Communication		
	Comparisons			
Big Idea	Students Engage in Conversations, Provi	Students Engage in Conversations, Provide and Obtain Information, Express Feelings and Emotions,		
	and Exchange Opinions	· ·		
	Students Will Demonstrate Understanding	Students Will Demonstrate Understanding of the Nature of Language through Comparisons of the		
	Language Studied and Their Own	Language Studied and Their Own		
Mode	Listening and Speaking	Listening and Speaking		
	Language Comparisons	Language Comparisons		
	Standards	<u>Learning Targets</u>		
G. Vocabulary		1.		
Read, understand, and interpret Latin		Demonstrate:		
Students recognize and use elements of the Latin language		 knowledge of noun forms 		

forming stems of nouns

tense

verb forms in the correct order

knowledge of adjective forms

forming the stem of verbs according to conjugation and

Alignments:

CCSS: 3.L.1a

Performance: 1.5, 1.6, 2.2 Knowledge: (CA) 1 WLCLE: WL.1.1; WL.4.1

NETS: 2d; 6b DOK: 2

Instructional Strategies

Teacher models correct pronunciation of vocabulary and students recite

to increase knowledge of their own language

- Teacher directed, student involved game for vocabulary
- Constant translating
- 10 English derivatives using vocabulary from each week

Assessments/Evaluations

Written assessment: teacher created

Sample Assessment Questions Write out the genitive, declension, gender and meaning for the following nouns. Write out the neuter and feminine forms and give the English for the following adjectives. Bonus Give the English for the following. Non **Instructional Resources/Tools SMART Board** Drills **Literacy Connections** Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking a. Explain the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their functions in particular sentences **Cross Curricular Connections** ELA: Writing Standard English • Functions of words in particular sentences

Strand	Comparisons	
Big Idea	Students Demonstrate an Understanding of the Concept of Culture through Comparisons of the	
	Cultures Studied and Their Own	
Mode	Cultural Comparisons	
Standards		Learning Targets
 H. Culture Demonstrate an understanding of the perspectives of Greek or Roman culture as revealed in the practices of Greeks and Romans Expand their knowledge through the reading of Latin and Greek and the study of ancient culture 		

CCSS: 6-8.RH.7 Performance: 1.2, 2.1 Knowledge: (CA) 1 WLCLE: WL.4.2c

NETS: 2d DOK: 1

Instructional Strategies

- Teacher uses map to indicate geographic locations
- Teacher tells students important historical information associated with a location if needed
- Student copies information onto their own map
- Teacher questions students individually about locations and information related to places on the map

Assessments/Evaluations

• Written assessment: teacher created

Sample Assessment Questions

- Match the number on the map with the correct location
- Which of the following was the 1st Roman seaport? A. Brundisium B. Ostia C. Rhegium D. Rubicon

- SMART Board
- Drills
- Individual student maps

Literacy Connections

• Integrate visual information (e.g., in charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts

- Social Studies:
 - History
 - Geography

Strand	Comparisons		
Big Idea	Students Demonstrate Understanding of	Students Demonstrate Understanding of the Concept of Culture through Comparisons of the Cultures	
	Studied and Their Own		
Mode	Cultural Comparisons		
Standards		Learning Target	
I. Culture		2.	
• Demonstrate an understanding of the perspectives of Greek		 Demonstrate knowledge of Greek and Roman deities and 	
and Roman culture as reveled in the products of the Greeks		heroes by name, deeds, and spheres of influence	
and Romans			
 Compare and contrast their own culture with that of the 		 Compare the themes of heroes of classical mythology to the 	
Greco-Roman world		themes and heroes of their own culture	

CCSS: 8.RL.9; 6-8.RH.7 Performance: 1.5, 1.7 Knowledge: (CA) 7 (SS) 6

WLCLE: WL.4.2b

NETS: 2d DOK: 2

Instructional Strategies

- Review sheet before lesson starts which tells the student what will be required to know.
- Individual teacher questions
- Throughout lessons, teacher will ask students to compare the ancient story with a similar modern story

Assessments/Evaluations

• Written assessment: teacher created

Sample Assessment Questions

- Match the Greek god's name with the Roman version
- Which of the following was the god of hospitality? A. Hera B. Demeter C. Zeus D. Hades

Instructional Resources/Tools

- SMART Board
- PowerPoint

Literacy Connections

- Analyze how a modern work of fiction draws on themes, patterns of events, or character types from myths, traditional stories, or religious works such as the Bible, including describing how the material is rendered new
- Integrate visual information (e.g., in charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts

- ELA: Identifying and evaluating relationships between language and culture
- Social Studies: Relationships of individuals and groups to institutions and cultural traditions

Strand	Comparisons	
Big Idea	Students Demonstrate Understanding of the Concept of Culture through Comparisons of the Cultures	
	Studied and Their Own	
Mode	Cultural Comparisons	
	Standards	Learning Targets
 J. Culture Compare and contrast own culture with that of the Greco-Roman world 		 Using pictures of various buildings, demonstrate knowledge of specified architectural features from the Greek and Roman world

CCSS: 6-8.RH.7

Performance: 1.1, 1.2, 2.1

Knowledge: (SS) 5 WLCLE: WL.4.2b

NETS: 2d DOK: 3

Instructional Strategies

- YouTube video for the Roman house
- PowerPoint presentation showing and explaining various architectural components
- Students will individually identify different architectural components

Assessments/Evaluations

• Written assessment: teacher created

Sample Assessment Questions

- Which of the following would you go to if you wanted to see horse races? A. aqueduct B. Circus Maximus C. Amphitheater D. Theater
- Which of the following is the bedroom? A. cubiculum B. triclinium C. peristylium D. taberna

Instructional Resources/Tools

- SMART Board
- PowerPoint

Literacy Connections

• Integrate visual information (e.g., in charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts

Cross Curricular Connections

• Social Studies: Major elements of geographical study and analysis (such as location, place, environment, regions) and their relationships to changes in society and environment